Flexible Load In Deeply Decarbonized Electricity Systems

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EVOLVED ENERGY RESEARCH

About Evolved Energy Research

- Energy consulting firm focused on addressing key energy sector challenges posed by climate change
- Members of the research team representing the U.S. in the Deep Decarbonization Pathways Project
- Lead developers of EnergyPATHWAYS





Need for Flexible Loads

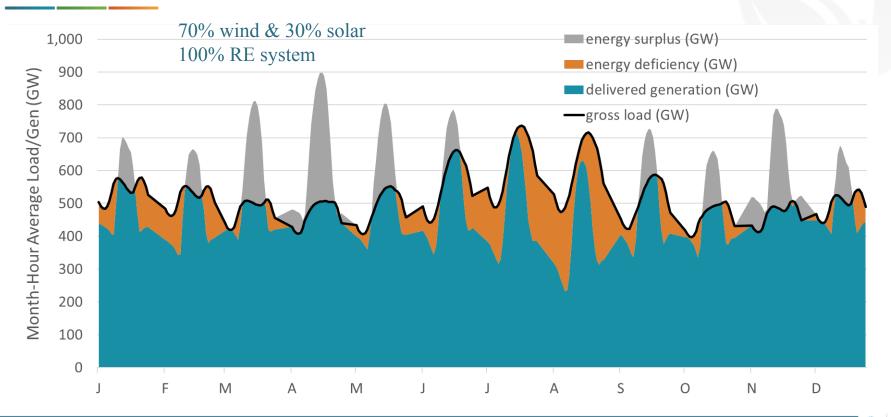
- Traditional electricity operations have assumed fixed load and utilize controllable or 'dispatchable' generation resources
- We lose economic control of generation in in deeply decarbonized electricity systems with high wind & solar
- The loss of control on the supply-side necessitates the introduction of flexible loads to manage the balance of supply and demand on all timescales





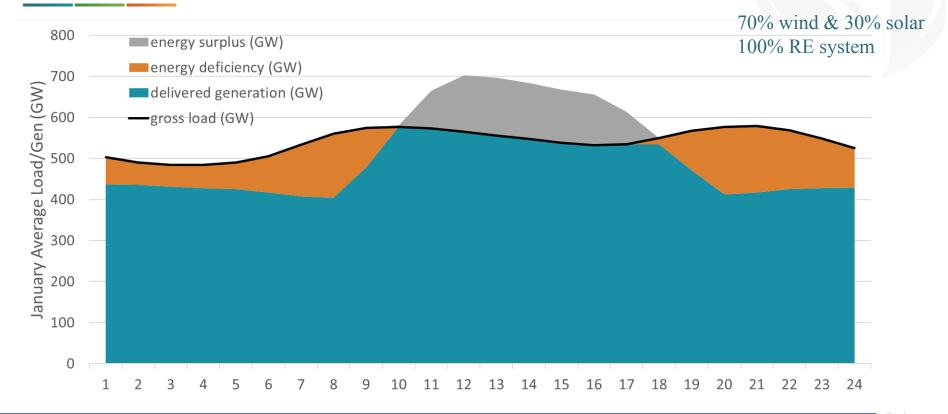
Average energy imbalance by month-hour

Eastern interconnection using load and renewable profiles from 2011



Defining energy imbalance

Eastern interconnection using load and renewable profiles from January, 2011

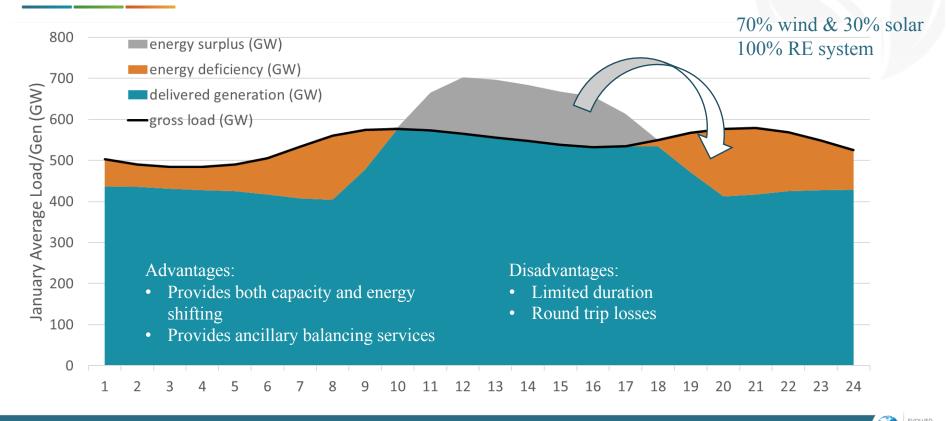


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Option 1: Use storage load to shift the grey to the orange

Eastern interconnection using load and renewable profiles from January, 2011

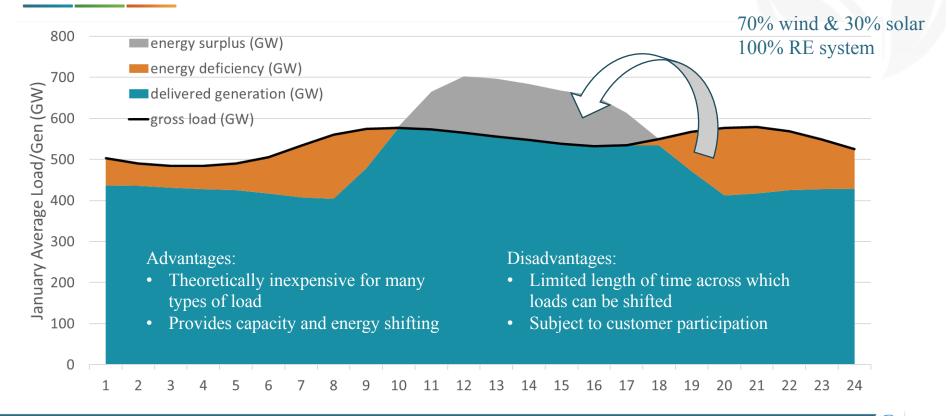


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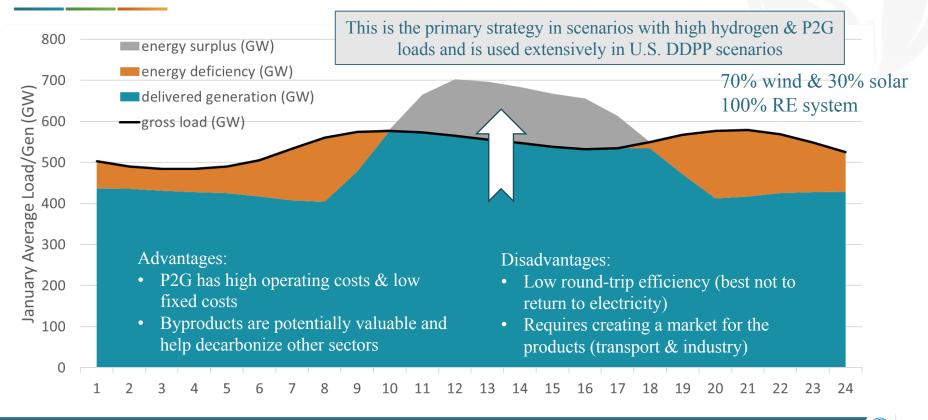
Option 2: Use end-use loads flexibly to shift the orange to the grey

Eastern interconnection using load and renewable profiles from January, 2011



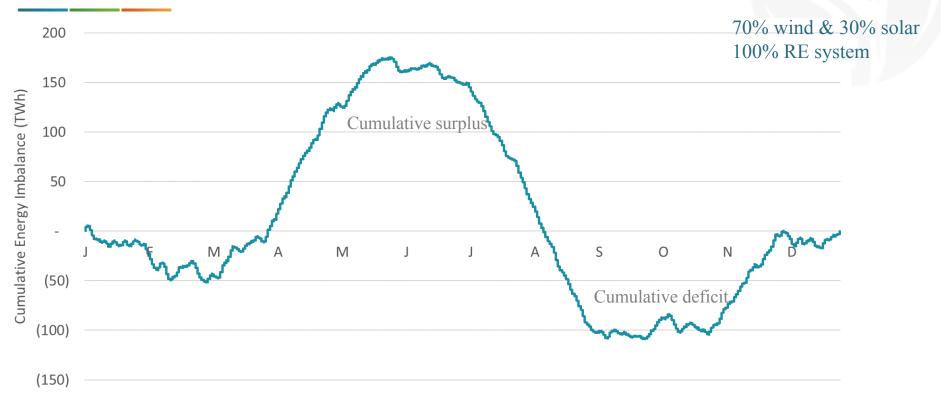
Option 3: Build dedicated load into the grey and build more renewables

Eastern interconnection using load and renewable profiles from January, 2011



How does imbalance cumulate over the year?

Timescales of cumulative energy imbalance show how energy must be shifted across the year







- Grid balancing issues are diverse, complex, and depend on the particulars of any system
- There is no single demand-side balancing solution...
 - Relying exclusively on end-use loads alone would degrade service
 - Storage is necessary but not sufficient for seasonal issues
 - Loads like power-to-gas have high losses and require demand for their products
- ...but a potential role exists for all
 - End-use loads can manage system imbalance and reduce distribution system infrastructure needs
 - Storage is controllable and represents the platonic ideal of a balancing resource for short and medium-term imbalances
 - Dedicated loads like power-to-gas can address seasonal issues

